

Beginner handout

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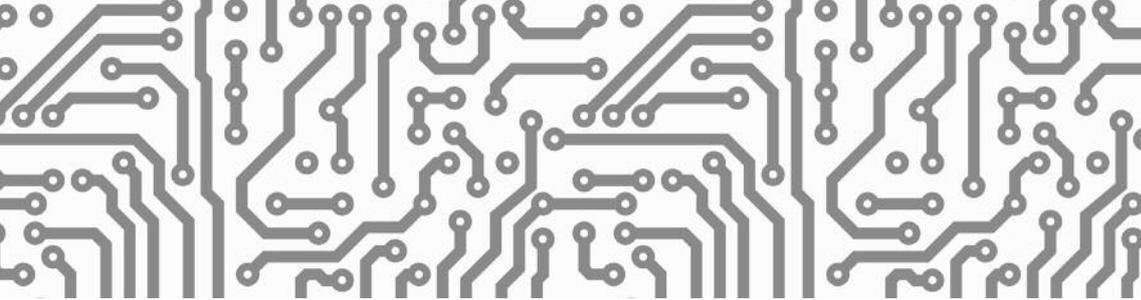
## Protecting your computer

This activity will help you register safely online and take care when you share personal information.

### What will I learn?

- What identity theft is and how to prevent it
- How to be safe when you register online
- How to keep your information private

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*fastershire*  
Faster broadband for Herefordshire and Gloucestershire



## How do I do it?

**Be safe! If you're using this hand-out on a shared or public computer, remember to:**

- Log on using a 'strong password': one that includes upper and lower case letters, numbers, and isn't something that someone else could guess.
- Never share or write down your password.
- Log out when you're finished.

The web links referred to throughout this document can be found in the Useful Links section at the end.

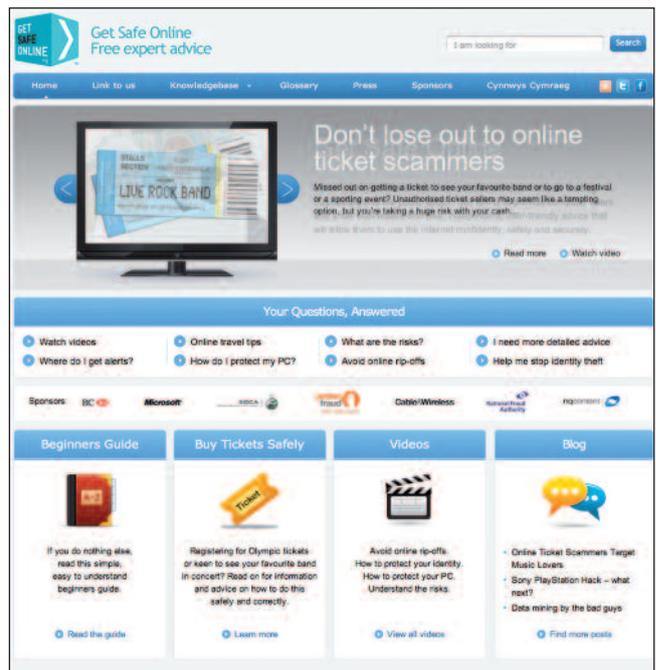
### What are the risks to my computer?

1. When you're using the Internet, your computer downloads data. Normally this is safe, but some sites can trick you into downloading programs that can capture your personal information and send this to criminals. Names for these include viruses, trojans, malware and spyware. They work in different ways, but they all put you at risk:



Example of Malware

- Go to the Get Safe Online web link in 'Useful Links'. Scroll down and click on 'Videos' and then click to watch 'Protect your PC'.
- Then click on 'Knowledgebase' in the blue menu bar at the top of the Get Safe Online web page, select 'Protect your PC' and explore the links in 'More information' to find out more about the myths about protecting your computer, the threats you face, and how people become victims.



Get Safe Online website

How do I block viruses, spyware and other threats?

2. You can protect your computer by using the right software and the right behaviour. One of the best ways to be safe is to think before you click.
  - Visit the Get Safe Online site. Scroll down and click on 'Videos' and watch the 'Protect your PC' video.



Protect your PC video

3. Anti-virus software constantly scans your computer for problem software that might put you at risk of identity theft or fraud. There are many types available, some of which are paid for, and some of which are free.
  - Visit the Microsoft Security Essentials web page in 'Useful links'.
  - Scroll down to read 'About Microsoft Security Essentials'.
  - For more detail, scroll back up and click on 'Product Information' at the top of this web page and explore the links on the web page that opens.

- To find out what to do if you discover a problem, click on 'Support' at the top of the web page and then on 'Getting started' on the page that opens.
- This has boxes and questions to click on that open up to provide more information, hints and tips.



Microsoft Security Essentials web page

4. The latest versions of web browsers come with built-in security filters that can detect many fake websites. But don't just rely on your software. Think before you click:
  - Avoid dodgy websites that offer a deal that's too good to be true.
  - Don't click on links in a website or email that you're not completely sure about.
  - Don't give out personal information unless you're sure that the site is genuine and safe.

5. There's lots more you can learn about protecting your PC – and yourself – when online. Use the Knowledgebase links at Get Safe Online to find out more about firewalls and anti-virus software.
- Go back to the Get Safe On line web link in 'Useful links'.
  - 'Knowledgebase' is in the menu at the top of this web page. Click on this and then on the 'Protect your PC' option that appears.
  - Read the information in the web links on how to:
    - use a firewall
    - install anti-virus software
    - get Windows updates
    - stop spyware.
  - Think about what you need to do to make your PC safe at home.

## How can I keep up to date?

6. Your computer's software needs to be up to date in order to keep you safe. Regular updates fix any known security problems and update the anti-virus software's database of known threats. You need to keep your operating system (eg Windows), anti-virus software and web browser software all up to date:
- Remember that to update, the computer's security software needs to download new data from the Internet. This won't be possible if you just use the web for a few minutes a day and then turn off your computer.
  - At least once a week, leave it on for a couple of hours so automatic updates can complete.



7. Most computers are set so that they update Windows automatically:

- Click the Start button  to open the Windows Start Menu (bottom left of the screen).
- In the search box at the bottom, enter 'windows update' and click on 'Windows Update' in the search results.
- If automatic updates are not on, click the button to turn on automatic updates. The computer will immediately start checking for updates.
- You can set how often your computer checks for updates. Click on 'Change settings' in the left-hand menu of the Windows Updates panel. There is a drop-down menu for each option. It's best to leave these as they are, and to leave your computer turned on. But if you don't leave your computer on all the time, change these settings to when you will, for example by leaving it on overnight once a week. It's important that you then remember to do this every week.
- This also makes sure that Microsoft Security Essentials is kept up to date.
- Another way is to visit the Windows Update website and follow the instructions.

8. Internet Explorer is updated as part of Windows Update and other browsers should also update automatically:

- Visit the Firefox update site in the Useful Links section to discover why updating your web browser is important – this applies to any browser.
- Click on each '+' sign to see the answer to each question.



Example of Windows Update





## Useful Links

You may want to use these links in your session:

### Get Safe Online:

<http://www.getsafeonline.org>

### Microsoft Security Essentials:

[http://www.microsoft.com/security\\_essentials/default.aspx?mkt=en-gb](http://www.microsoft.com/security_essentials/default.aspx?mkt=en-gb)

### Windows Update:

<http://www.windowsupdate.com>

### Firefox update:

<http://www.mozilla.com/en-US/firefox/update>



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